Report on Audits of Financial Statements - Statutory Basis

For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

# Table of Contents

Page	)(s)
dependent Auditor's Report on the Statutory Financial Statements1	-3
nancial Statements: Statutory Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021	. 4
Statutory Statements of Income and Changes in Stockholder's Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021	. 5
Statutory Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021	. 6
otes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis7-	27
dependent Auditor's Report on the Supplementary Information	28
ummary Investment Schedule	29
vestment Risks Interrogatories	33
einsurance Interrogatories34-	35



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the Board of Directors Pekin Insurance Company Pekin, Illinois

Report on the Audit of the Statutory Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the statutory financial statements of Pekin Insurance Company (the Company), which are comprised of the statutory balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statutory statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the statutory financial statements.

#### Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying statutory financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Illinois Department of Insurance described in Note 1.

## Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles section of our report, the statutory financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, or the results of its operations or its cash flows thereof for the years then ended.

## Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Statutory Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Company, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 to the statutory financial statements, the Company prepared these statutory financial statements using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Illinois Department of Insurance, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the statutory financial statements of the variances between these statutory accounting practices described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have not been determined but are presumed to be material and pervasive.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Statutory Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these statutory financial statements in accordance with the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Illinois Department of Insurance. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of statutory financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the statutory financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the statutory financial statements are issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Statutory Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statutory financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the statutory financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the statutory financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the statutory financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, no such
  opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the statutory financial statements.



• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

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We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Madison, Wisconsin May 3, 2023

Statutory Balance Sheets December 31, 2022 and 2021

		2022		2021
Admitted Assets:				
Bonds	\$	260,500,039	\$	261,433,149
Preferred stocks Common Stocks:		750,850		-
Affiliates		14,663,563		15,117,284
Other than Affiliates		28,837,813		36,296,283
Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,507,147		6,439,191
Receivable for Securities		-		750,000
Securities Lending Reinvested Collateral Assets		739,940		1,759,965
Total Cash and Invested Assets		307,999,352		321,795,872
Federal Income Tax Recoverable		3,285,732		900,546
Net Deferred Tax Asset		2,931,421		911,913
Investment Income Accrued		2,305,601		1,895,086
Total Admitted Assets	\$	316,522,106	\$	325,503,417
Liabilities:				
Unpaid Losses, Net	\$	78,488,759	\$	80,824,798
Unpaid Loss Adjustment Expenses, Net	•	19,525,523	•	18,752,402
Unearned Premiums, Net		59,769,301		56,416,208
Commissions, Expenses, Fees, and Taxes		7,714,969		7,249,129
Payable to Parent, Subsidiaries, and Affiliates		15,898,467		8,803,904
Payable for Securities Lending		739,940		1,759,965
Pension Benefit Plan Obligations		-		1,104,324
Post-Retirement Benefit Plan Obligations Other Liabilities		1 204 401		602,652
	-	1,384,601		1,422,919
Total Liabilities		183,521,560		176,936,301
Stockholder's Equity:				
Common Capital Stock, \$28.75 Par Value, 70,000 Shares				
Authorized, Issued, and Outstanding		2,012,500		2,012,500
Unassigned Surplus		130,988,046		146,554,616
Total Stockholder's Equity		133,000,546		148,567,116
Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	\$	316,522,106	\$	325,503,417

Statutory Statements of Income and Changes in Stockholder's Equity Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Underwriting Operations:		
Net Premiums Earned:		
Direct Premiums Written	\$ 415,536,575	\$ 386,508,147
Reinsurance Assumed	117,939,472	113,011,109
Reinsurance Ceded	(415,536,575)	(386,508,147)
Net Premiums Written	117,939,472	113,011,109
Change in Net Unearned Premiums	(3,352,594)	1,816,864
Total Net Premiums Earned	114,586,878	114,827,973
Losses and Expenses Incurred:		
Net Losses	75,297,682	64,445,404
Net Loss Adjustment Expenses	13,641,590	12,956,826
Net Underwriting Expenses	43,510,436	41,573,006
Net Losses and Expenses Incurred	132,449,708	118,975,236
Underwriting Loss	(17,862,830)	(4,147,263)
Net Investment Income	7,584,408	7,672,601
Net Realized Capital Gains	559,039	3,008,886
Other Income	235,191	231,121
Net Income (Loss) Before Federal Income Tax	(9,484,192)	6,765,345
Federal Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	(1,601,923)	538,174
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (7,882,269)	\$ 6,227,171
Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity:		
Stockholder's Equity - Beginning of Year	\$ 148,567,116	\$ 136,782,672
Changes in Stockholder's Equity:		
Net Income (Loss)	(7,882,269)	6,227,171
Net Unrealized Capital Gains (Losses):		
Bonds	(1,106,274)	-
Common Stock - Affiliates	(453,723)	32,736
Common Stock - Other than Affiliates	(9,108,838)	4,554,488
Net Deferred Income Tax	2,019,508	(2,091,967)
Non-Admitted Assets	(2,413,580)	531,494
Pension Benefit Plan Obligations	2,198,501	1,655,473
Post-Retirement Benefit Plan Obligations	1,180,105	875,049
Net Increase (Decrease)	(15,566,570)	11,784,444
Stockholder's Equity - End of Year	\$ 133,000,546	\$ 148,567,116

# Statutory Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Cash from Operations:		
Premiums Collected, Net of Reinsurance	\$ 117,939,971	\$ 113,011,109
Net Investment Income	8,022,374	9,249,356
Miscellaneous Income	235,191	231,122
Total Cash Received	126,197,536	122,491,587
Benefit and Loss Related Payments	77,633,721	67,785,770
Commissions, Expenses Paid, and Other Deductions	55,913,065	54,849,317
Federal Income Taxes Paid (Recovered)	960,396	(1,082,806)
Total Cash Disbursed	134,507,182	121,552,281
Net Cash from Operations	(8,309,646)	939,306
Cash from Investments:		
Proceeds from Investments Sold, Matured, or Repaid:		
Bonds	37,013,663	78,051,583
Stocks	7,595,621	7,490,567
Miscellaneous	1,770,033	884,370
Total Investment Proceeds	46,379,317	86,426,520
Cost of Investments Acquired:		
Bonds	38,388,879	70,124,705
Stocks	8,907,104	6,556,429
Miscellaneous	-	747,410
Total Investments Acquired	47,295,983	77,428,544
Net Cash from Investments	(916,666)	8,997,976
Cash from Financing and Miscellaneous Sources:		
Other Cash Provided (Applied)	5,294,268	(5,302,774)
Net Cash from Financing and Miscellaneous Sources	5,294,268	(5,302,774)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(3,932,044)	4,634,508
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	6,439,191	1,804,683
Cach and Cach Equivalents at End of Veer	¢ 2 E 0 7 1 4 7	¢ 4.420.101
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 2,507,147	<u>\$ 6,439,191</u>

#### Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

#### 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Practices

Pekin Insurance Company (Company) is a regional Midwest property and casualty insurance company domiciled in the state of Illinois. The Company sells insurance through independent agents. Insurance products primarily include private passenger and commercial automobile, homeowners, workers' compensation, commercial multi-peril, general liability, and business owners' policies. Approximately 46 and 47 percent of the direct premium was written in the state of Illinois in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Illinois Department of Insurance (statutory accounting practices).

Prescribed statutory accounting practices include those practices denoted in the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' (NAIC) "Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual," as well as state laws, regulations, and general administrative rules. Permitted statutory accounting practices encompass all accounting practices not so prescribed when such practices are approved by the insurance department of the insurer's state of domicile. The Company does not use any permitted practices.

## Accounting Estimates

The preparation of statutory financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term relate to: 1) the estimated unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses, 2) the assumptions regarding the other than temporary impairment (OTTI) analysis of the investment portfolio, and 3) the assumptions, including the discount rate, used to determine the benefit obligations for the defined benefit pension plan and other post-retirement benefit plan, and 4) the amount of deferred tax assets expected to be realized in future years.

#### Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through May 3, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Summary of Significant Accounting Practices and Differences Between Statutory Accounting and GAAP

A description of the significant accounting practices used by the Company and significant variances from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) are as follows:

#### A. Investments

Bonds and stocks are valued in accordance with rules prescribed by the NAIC. Investment grade bonds (i.e., NAIC designation 1 or 2) not backed by other loans are stated at amortized cost using a scientific method. Below investment grade bonds (i.e., NAIC designation 3 or higher) not backed by other loans are stated at the lesser of fair value or amortized cost with any change in the carrying value of the bond being treated as an unrealized gain (loss) and credited (charged) directly to surplus. Redeemable preferred stocks are stated at amortized cost; however, redeemable preferred stocks with an NAIC designation of 3 or lower are carried at the lower of amortized cost or fair value. Perpetual preferred stocks are carried at fair value. Common stocks of non-affiliated companies are carried at market value and common stocks of insurance company affiliates are accounted for using the statutory equity method in which undistributed earnings are reported as unrealized gains and losses.

Under GAAP, The Company's bonds would be classified as held-to maturity, trading, or available-for-sale. Bonds classified as held-to-maturity would be carried at cost or amortized

## Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

cost, and bonds classified as trading or available-for-sale would be carried at fair value with the unrealized holding gains and losses reported in income for those securities classified as trading and as a separate component of surplus for those securities classified as available-for sale. Under GAAP, the financial statements of wholly owned subsidiaries would be consolidated with those of the parent. Preferred stocks and common stocks of non-affiliated companies would be carried at fair value with the unrealized holding gains and losses reported in income.

Loan-backed securities (mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities) are stated at amortized cost using a prospective basis. The prospective approach recognizes, through the recalculation of the effective yield to be applied to future periods, the effects of all cash flows whose amounts differ from those estimated earlier. Changes in amortization and amortized cost will occur in future periods. Assumptions for loan-backed securities are updated on a quarterly basis. Loan-backed securities with an initial NAIC designation of three or higher are carried at the lower of amortized cost or fair value. Agency pass-through and collateralized mortgage obligations use the three-month generic prepayment speed assumption. Non-agency collateralized mortgage obligations and asset-backed securities are updated using projected principal payment windows.

Investment income is recorded when earned. Realized gains and losses on sale or maturity of investments are determined on the basis of specific identification. Aggregate unrealized capital gains and losses are credited or charged directly to unassigned surplus. Unrealized capital losses on investments that are determined to be other than temporary declines in value must be recognized as realized capital losses. The Company reviews its investment portfolio on a periodic basis to determine other than temporary declines in value. In evaluating whether a decline in value is other than temporary, management considers several factors including, but not limited to: 1) the Company's ability and intent to retain the security for a sufficient amount of time for it to recover, 2) the extent and duration of the decline in value, 3) the probability of collecting all cash flows according to contractual terms in effect at acquisition or restructuring, 4) relevant industry conditions and trends, and 5) the financial condition and current and future business prospects of the issuer.

#### B. Unpaid Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

The liabilities for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses are based upon management's estimates of reported and unreported losses determined on the basis of claim evaluation and past statistical experience. These liabilities are reported net of anticipated salvage and subrogation receivable. Reinsurance recoverables related to unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses are netted with the respective liabilities; under GAAP, these reinsurance recoverables would be shown on a separate gross basis.

#### C. Policy Acquisition Costs

The costs of acquiring premium income are immediately charged against operations, whereas premium income is deferred over the periods covered by the policies. Under GAAP, costs, which vary directly with the production of new and renewal business, would be capitalized and amortized as premium is earned.

#### D. Deferred Tax Assets

Deferred income taxes are provided for differences between the financial statement and the tax bases of assets and liabilities and are reduced by a valuation allowance when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Additionally, under statutory accounting practices, limitations are placed on the admissibility of deferred tax assets. All changes in ordinary deferred tax assets and liabilities are reported as changes in surplus, and state income taxes are not included in deferred tax calculations; under GAAP, there is no admissibility concept, changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities

## Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

would be reported through operations and/or surplus depending on their characteristics, and state income taxes would be included in the deferred tax calculation.

#### E. Non-Admitted Assets

Certain assets designated as "non-admitted assets", aggregating \$2,413,580 and \$0 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, are not recognized by statutory accounting practices. Non-admitted assets are excluded from the balance sheet, and the net change in such assets is charged or credited directly to unassigned surplus. Under GAAP, such assets would be included in the balance sheet net of accumulated amortization.

#### F. Premium Income Recognition

Premiums are earned over the terms of the related insurance policies and reinsurance contracts on a daily pro rata basis. Unearned premium reserves are established to cover the unexpired portion of premiums written and are computed on a pro rata basis. The Company determined that a premium deficiency reserve was not necessary for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. The Company does not anticipate investment income as a factor in the calculation of a potential premium deficiency reserve.

#### G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the Company follows statutory accounting practices and considers cash in checking accounts, certain money market funds, and highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of one year or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

#### H. Leases

All leases are accounted for as operating leases and are expensed as incurred. Under GAAP, leases would be classified separately as either finance or operating leases and recorded on the balance sheet as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. For finance leases, the lessee would recognize amortization of the right-to-use asset and interest expense on the lease liability in separate line items on the statement of operations. For operating leases, the lessee would recognize a single lease cost, which is generally amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining lease term.

## I. Other

Commissions on reinsurance ceded are credited to income at the time the premium is ceded; under GAAP, commissions on ceded premium would be deferred and recognized as income over the periods covered by the policies.

Statutory financial statements are prepared in a form using language and groupings substantially the same as the annual statement filed with the NAIC and state regulatory authorities, which differ from the presentation and disclosure of financial statements that would be presented under GAAP.

Necessary reclassifications are made in prior period financial statements, whenever appropriate, to conform to the current presentation.

## 2. Affiliated Entity Transactions

The Company and its parent, The Farmers Automobile Insurance Association (the Association), owned 90.42 percent and 89.39 percent of the Pekin Life Insurance Company (PLIC) at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Specifically, the Company owned 7.58 percent of PLIC as of these dates.

The Company, its subsidiary Pekin Select Insurance Company (PSIC), and the Association occupy the same building and, along with PLIC, utilize many common facilities, management,

## Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

administrative and office personnel and services. Since 1966, the Company and the Association have had a reinsurance pooling agreement under which underwriting income and expense and other administrative expenses are prorated to the Association (80 percent) and to the Company (20 percent). In 2020, the reinsurance pooling agreement was amended to prorate underwriting income and expense and other administrative expenses to the Association (80 percent), the Company (20 percent), and PSIC (0 percent). Intercompany balances are paid periodically throughout the year based on estimates and settled within 45 days after year-end based on actual allocated expenses. The proration does not include provisions for federal income taxes or results of investment transactions.

Additionally, the Association, the Company, and its subsidiary allocate related expenses to one another. Intercompany balances are paid periodically throughout the year based on estimates and settled within 45 days after year-end based on actual allocated expenses.

#### 3. Investments

The admitted value, unrealized gain and loss, and market value of investments in bonds as of December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	2022												
		Admitted	ι	Unrealized		Unrealized		Market					
Obligation		Value		Gain		Loss		Value					
U.S. Government	\$	6,317,385	\$	-	\$	176,604		6,140,781					
Other Government		1,749,867		-		70,723		1,679,144					
U.S. States, Territories,													
and Possessions		3,029,597		-		87,486		2,942,111					
U.S. Political Subdivisions		5,341,001		1,793		199,815		5,142,979					
U.S. Special Revenue and													
Special Assessment		14,700,423		4,967		847,698		13,857,692					
Industrial and Miscellaneous		145,329,199		200,384		13,952,374		131,577,209					
Loan-Backed Securities		84,032,567		83,462		9,049,676		75,066,353					
Total	\$	260,500,039	\$	290,606	\$	24,384,376	\$	236,406,269					

The admitted value, unrealized gain and loss, and market value of investments in bonds as of December 31, 2021, are as follows:

	2021													
	Admitted Value			Unrealized	ι	Jnrealized		Market						
Obligation				Gain		Loss		Value						
U.S. Government	\$	6,324,235	\$	284,031	\$	-	\$	6,608,266						
Other Government		748,330		56,363		-		804,693						
U.S. States, Territories,														
and Possessions		3,059,039		318,966		-		3,378,005						
U.S. Political Subdivisions		5,443,950		316,987		-		5,760,937						
U.S. Special Revenue and														
Special Assessment		16,431,092		992,208		10,105		17,413,195						
Industrial and Miscellaneous		142,376,371		9,185,068		503,916		151,057,523						
Loan-Backed Securities		87,050,132		1,609,306		776,889		87,882,549						
Total	\$	261,433,149	\$	12,762,929	\$	1,290,910	\$	272,905,168						

The admitted value of loan-backed securities includes \$38,671 and \$53,643 of U.S. Government Guaranteed Securities for 2022 and 2021, respectively.

## Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

The admitted value and market value of bonds at December 31, 2022, by contractual maturity, are shown below:

	Admitted	Market
	Value	Value
Due in One Year or Less	\$ 4,119,184	\$ 4,098,453
Due After One Year Through Five Years	68,146,029	64,813,412
Due After Five Years Through Ten Years	77,625,160	68,854,472
Due After Ten Years	110,609,666_	98,639,932
Total	\$ 260,500,039	\$ 236,406,269

The admitted value, unrealized gain and loss, and market value of investments in preferred stock as of December 31, 2022, are as follows:

				20	22				
	Α	dmitted	Un	realized	Unr	realized	Market		
Preferred Stocks	_	Value		Gain		Loss	Value		
Redeemable Preferred Stock	\$	750,850	\$	6,620	\$	30,218	\$	727,252	

The Company did not have investments in preferred stock as of December 31, 2021.

The adjusted cost, unrealized gain and loss, and statement value of investments in common stocks as of December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	 2022											
	Adjusted	L	Jnrealized	U	Inrealized	S	Statement					
Common Stocks	 Cost		Gain		Loss	Value						
Affiliates	\$ 6,328,619	\$	8,403,748	\$	68,804	\$	14,663,563					
Other Than Affiliates	 22,223,228		8,456,238		1,841,653		28,837,813					
Total Common Stocks	\$ 28,551,847	\$	16,859,986	\$	1,910,457	\$	43,501,376					

The adjusted cost, unrealized gain and loss, and statement value of investments in common stocks as of December 31, 2021, are as follows:

	 2021											
	Adjusted Unrealized			Ur	nrealized	9	Statement					
Common Stocks	 Cost		Gain		Loss	Value						
Affiliates	\$ 6,328,619	\$	8,922,319	\$	133,654	\$	15,117,284					
Other Than Affiliates	20,572,858		16,126,751		403,326		36,296,283					
Total Common Stocks	\$ 26,901,477	\$	25,049,070	\$	536,980	\$	51,413,567					

# Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

Bonds with unrealized losses based on estimated market values as of December 31, 2022, are shown below:

	 Less Than	han 12 Months 12 Months or More						Total			
Obligation			Jnrealized Losses	Market Value			Jnrealized Losses	Market Value			Jnrealized Losses
U.S. Government	\$ 6,140,781	\$	176,604	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,140,781	\$	176,604
Other Government	1,679,144		70,723		-		-		1,679,144		70,723
U.S. States, Territories,											
and Possessions	2,942,111		87,486		-		-		2,942,111		87,486
U.S. Political Subdivisions	4,935,989		199,815		-		-		4,935,989		199,815
U.S. Special Revenue and											
Special Assessment	10,403,739		700,499		872,191		147,199		11,275,930		847,698
Industrial and Miscellaneous	99,075,707		9,711,708		19,035,041		4,240,666		118,110,748		13,952,374
Loan-Backed Securities	 42,957,764		3,286,307		29,585,961		5,763,369		72,543,725		9,049,676
Total Bonds	\$ 168,135,235	\$	14,233,142	\$	49,493,193	\$	10,151,234	\$	217,628,428	\$	24,384,376

Bonds with unrealized losses based on estimated market values as of December 31, 2021, are shown below:

	 Less Than	an 12 Months 12 Months or More					Total				
Obligation			Unrealized Losses					l	Jnrealized Losses		
U.S. Special Revenue and											
Special Assessment	\$ 1,015,379	\$	10,105	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,015,379	\$	10,105
Industrial and Miscellaneous	24,175,697		392,032		2,184,939		111,884		26,360,636		503,916
Loan-Backed Securities	39,854,510		713,240		2,397,197		63,649		42,251,707		776,889
Total Bonds	\$ 65,045,586	\$	1,115,377	\$	4,582,136	\$	175,533	\$	69,627,722	\$	1,290,910

Stocks with unrealized losses based on estimated market values as of December 31, 2022, are shown below:

	Less Than 12 Months				12 Months or More					Total				
	Market Unrealized			Market	Unrealize			Market	Į	Jnrealized				
Description of Securities		Value		Losses		Value		Losses		Value		Losses		
Redeemable Preferred Stock	\$	727,252	\$	30,218	\$	-	\$	-	\$	727,252	\$	30,218		
Common Stock - Unaffiliated		11,388,337		1,071,565		2,861,206		770,088		14,249,543		1,841,653		
Total Stocks With Unrealized Losses	\$	12.115.589	\$	1.101.783	\$	2.861.206	\$	770.088	\$	14.976.795	\$	1.871.871		
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Stocks with unrealized losses based on estimated market values as of December 31, 2021, are shown below:

	Less Than	12 Months	12 Month	s or More	Total				
	Market	Unrealized	Market	Unrealized	Market	Unrealized			
Description of Securities	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses			
Common Stock - Unaffiliated	3,857,114	218,278	2,847,345	185,048	6,704,459	403,326			
Total Stocks									
With Unrealized Losses	\$ 3,857,114	\$ 218,278	\$ 2,847,345	\$ 185,048	\$ 6,704,459	\$ 403,326			

#### Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

The components of net realized capital gains are as follows:

	2022	2021
Gains on Disposals	\$ 2,184,989	\$ 4,004,501
Losses on Disposals	(1,384,374)	(182,240)
Total	800,615	3,822,261
OTTI	(64,443)	-
Tax Expense	(177,133)	(813,375)
Net Realized Capital Gains	\$ 559,039	\$ 3,008,886

Bonds carried at \$2,257,014 and \$2,262,794 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, were on deposit with the Illinois Department of Insurance as required by law. Bonds in the amount of \$307,775 and \$308,025 were on deposit with the Nevada Department of Insurance at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, as required by law.

#### Securities Lending

The Company lends securities to agreed upon borrowers through an agreement with its custodian. The Company requires initial collateral from the borrower in an amount no less than 102 percent of the fair value of domestic securities and no less than 105 percent of the fair value of foreign securities loaned at the outset of the contract. All collateral so received is held either in the physical custody of the custodian or for the account of the custodian by their agent or a central bank. The offsetting collateral liability is included in Payable for Securities Lending. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the amount of securities loaned was \$723,881 and \$1,719,082, respectively, and the related collateral was \$741,693 and \$1,763,439, respectively. At December 31, 2022, collateral assets valued at \$23,528 had maturity dates beyond one year.

The aggregate amount of cash collateral received as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, is shown below by maturity date:

		2022		2021
Maturity Date		air Value	I	Fair Value
Open	\$	211,987	\$	674,825
30 Days or Less		49,178		990
31 to 60 Days		26,614		79,346
61 to 90 Days		18,784		28,283
Greater Than 90 Days		79,149		317,052
Total Bond Collateral Received		385,712		1,100,496
Total Equity Collateral Received		355,981		662,943
Total Collateral Received	\$	741,693	\$	1,763,439
	_			

The Company participates in a liquid asset portfolio. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the aggregate value of the reported reinvested collateral was \$739,940 and \$1,759,965, and the related fair value was \$742,652 and \$1,756,035, respectively.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company had \$478,256 and \$4,290,903, respectively, in gross restricted assets related to securities lending agreements. This amount represents collateral that has been accepted from the borrower.

## Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

#### 4. Fair Value Measurement

Statutory Accounting Practices establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (level one measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level three measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under statutory accounting are described below:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets in active markets that the Company has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable; or inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

The fair values of the Level 2 securities are obtained from independent pricing services or from the Company's investment manager and are determined using quoted market prices from an orderly market at the reporting date for those or similar investments.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Company's financial instruments that are reported at fair value within the statutory balance sheet as of December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	2022											
Description		Level 1	Le	Level 2		_evel 3		Total				
Bonds -	\$	_	\$9.3	67,884	\$	_	\$	_				
Common Stock -	•		<i>ψ 1   10</i>	0.700.	*		*					
Other Than Affiliates		28,837,813		-		-		28,837,813				
Cash Equivalents		1,936,938		-		-		1,936,938				
				20	21							
Description		Level 1	Le	vel 2	L	evel 3	Total					
Common Stock -												
Other Than Affiliates Cash Equivalents	\$	36,296,283 4,626,139	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,296,283 4,626,139				

There were no Level 3 assets at December 31, 2022 or 2021. The Company did not have any liabilities measured at fair value at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

## Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

The aggregate fair value of all financial instruments as of December 31, 2022, is shown below.

	Aggregate	Admitted			
	Fair Value	Assets	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Bonds	\$ 236,406,269	\$ 260,500,039	\$ 6,140,781	\$ 230,265,488	\$ -
Redeemable Preferred Stock	727,252	750,850	-	727,252	-
Common Stock:					
Affiliates	14,663,563	14,663,563	-	8,732,367	* 5,931,196 *
Other Than Affiliates	28,837,813	28,837,813	28,837,813	-	-
Cash Equivalents	1,936,938	1,936,938	1,936,938	-	-

The aggregate fair value of all financial instruments as of December 31, 2021, is shown below.

	Aggregate	Admitted				
	Fair Value	Assets	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3	3)
Bonds	\$272,905,168	\$261,433,149	\$6,608,266	\$266,046,902	\$ 250,00	00
Common Stock:						
Affiliates	15,117,284	15,117,284	-	9,250,938	* 5,866,34	16 *
Other Than Affiliates	36,296,283	36,296,283	36,296,283	-		-
Cash Equivalents	4,626,139	4,626,139	4,626,139	-		-

<sup>\*</sup>Values are determined using the statutory equity method and are not stated at fair market value.

The type of security included within each hierarchy in the above table is as follows:

#### Level 1 Measurements

Bonds: Comprised of actively traded U.S. Treasury notes.

Common Stock: Comprised of actively traded, exchange-listed mutual funds and common stocks. Cash Equivalents: Comprise of money market securities.

#### Level 2 Measurements

Bonds: Comprised primarily of Political Subdivisions, Special Revenue, Industrial and Miscellaneous, and Loan-Backed securities.

Common Stock: Comprised of common stock of affiliate which is not actively traded and is recorded at the statutory equity method.

Preferred Stock: Comprised of actively traded, exchange-listed redeemable preferred stock and is recorded at amortized cost.

#### Level 3 Measurements

Common Stock: Comprised of common stock of affiliates recorded using the statutory equity method.

Bonds: Comprised primarily of Industrial and Miscellaneous securities

## Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

#### 5. Liability for Unpaid Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

Activity in the liability for loss and loss adjustment expense reserves is summarized as follows:

		2022	 2021
Balance at January 1 Less Reinsurance Recoverable	\$	112,629,975 (13,052,775)	\$ 125,668,828 (22,515,725)
Net Balance at January 1		99,577,200	103,153,103
Incurred Related to:	<u>-</u>		
Current Year		90,871,117	88,463,011
Prior Years		(1,931,845)	(11,060,781)
Total Incurred		88,939,272	77,402,230
Paid Related to:		_	 
Current Year		48,775,514	45,778,571
Prior Years		41,726,676	 35,199,562
Total Paid		90,502,190	80,978,133
Net Balance at December 31		98,014,282	99,577,200
Plus Reinsurance Recoverable		9,429,960	13,052,775
Balance at December 31	\$	107,444,242	\$ 112,629,975

The provision for incurred loss and loss adjustment expenses attributable to insured events in prior years decreased by \$1,931,845 and \$11,060,781 in 2022 and 2021, respectively. In both 2022 and 2021, incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses showed favorable development. The Company conducts regular analyses of reserves and revises estimates accordingly to reflect changes in trends and development.

Estimates of anticipated salvage and subrogation recoveries on losses and loss adjustment expenses have been recorded as a reduction to the liabilities for unpaid loss and unpaid loss adjustment expenses amounting to \$4,038,685 and \$3,805,548 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### 6. Reinsurance

The Company has reinsurance treaties in place for its property and casualty insurance business to reduce exposure to large losses. Although reinsurance does not relieve the Company of its legal liability to its policyholders, it provides a measure of protection against catastrophic losses and provides a means of risk reduction on individual losses.

The Company and Pekin Select Insurance Company are parties to an intercompany pooling agreement with the Association. All direct business written by the Companies is ceded 100 percent to the intercompany pool. No direct business is ceded to third parties by the Companies. Under this agreement, in 2022 and 2021, underwriting income and expenses and other administrative expenses are prorated to the Association (80 percent), the Company (20 percent), and PSIC (0 percent).

The Company had unsecured aggregate amounts recoverable for reinsurance on unpaid losses and unearned premium from The Farmers Automobile Insurance Association of \$631,134,320.

#### Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

#### 7. Pension Plan, Post-Retirement Benefits, and Deferred Compensation

## **Employee Pension Benefits**

The Company, its parent (The Farmers Automobile Insurance Association), and its affiliate, participate in a trusteed noncontributory defined benefit pension plan for certain employees. The Company and its affiliates adopted an amendment to freeze participation in the Plan for employees hired after January 1, 2013. The Company and its affiliates also adopted an amendment to freeze accrued benefits for all non-grandfathered participants. Non-grandfathered participants are participants who had not attained age 50 on or before December 31, 2017, and whose age and credited years of service as of December 31, 2017, did not exceed 75. Effective August 24, 2020, the Company and its affiliates adopted an amendment to offer a one-time, voluntary, early retirement benefit for certain grandfathered Plan participants.

The funding policy is to contribute annually an amount that represents the current cost of benefits expected to be earned in the current year offset by the expected asset return higher than the discount rate, but no more than the maximum amount that can be deducted for federal income tax purposes. Each affiliate is charged for its applicable share of such contributions based on a percentage of the projected benefit obligation.

#### Post-Retirement Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Company and its affiliates provide certain health care and life insurance benefits (post-retirement benefits) for retired employees. Employees hired prior to 2013 may become eligible for these benefits if they reach retirement age while working for the Company.

#### **Expected Cash Flows**

The Company and its affiliates expect to contribute to the Pension Plan in 2023. The amount of the contribution is not known. The Company and its affiliates do not expect to contribute to the Post-Retirement Benefit Plan in 2023.

The following benefit payments for the Company and its affiliates, which reflect expected cash flows for future service, as appropriate, are expected to be paid:

	Pension	Post-Retirement
Year	Benefits	<u>Benefits</u>
2023	\$ 2,958,000	\$2,249,000
2024	3,277,000	2,299,000
2025	3,366,000	2,424,000
2026	4,364,000	2,580,000
2027	3,492,000	2,598,000
2028-2032	19,785,000	14,649,000

## Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

## Obligations, Assets, and Assumptions

A summary, on an aggregate basis, of obligations, assets, and net periodic benefit costs of the Pension and Post-Retirement Benefit Plans of the Company and its affiliates is as follows at December 31:

		Pension	Ber	nefits	Post-Retirement Benefits					
		2022		2021		2022		2021		
Change in Benefit Obligation: Benefit Obligation at Beginning of Year Service Cost Interest Cost Actuarial (Gain) Loss Benefits Paid		79,168,520 894,495 1,544,369 (21,402,790) (19,409,351)	\$	90,651,572 1,228,851 1,142,780 (430,135) (13,424,548)	\$	56,363,369 1,167,819 1,464,895 (8,438,365) (1,498,686)	\$	60,364,345 1,261,423 1,335,440 (4,958,162) (1,639,677)		
Benefit Obligation at End of Year	\$	40,795,243	\$	79,168,520	\$	49,059,032	\$	56,363,369		
Accumulated Benefit Obligation	\$	39,057,787	\$	75,011,982	\$	49,059,032	\$	56,363,369		
Change in Plan Assets: Fair Value of Plan Assets at Beginning of Year Actual Return on Plan Assets Employer Contribution Benefits Paid		71,424,278 (598,322) 1,700,000 (19,409,351)	\$	65,001,504 10,547,322 9,300,000 (13,424,548)	\$	22,752,992 631,524 - (1,245,456)	\$	23,464,025 697,174 - (1,408,207)		
Fair Value of Plan Assets at										
End of Year	\$	53,116,605	\$	71,424,278	\$	22,139,060	\$	22,752,992		
Funded Status: Recognized Liabilities: Accrued Benefit Costs (Prepaid Asset) Liability for Benefits Total Liabilities Recognized	\$	(6,865,284) (5,456,078) (12,321,362)	\$	(1,561,549) 9,305,791 7,744,242	\$	30,571,699 (3,651,727) 26,919,972	\$	29,578,627 4,031,750 33,610,377		
Unrecognized Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost: Service Cost Interest Cost Expected Return on Plan Assets Amortzation of	\$	894,495 1,544,369 (3,607,677)	\$	1,228,851 1,142,780 (3,118,344)	\$	1,167,819 1,464,895 (682,590)	\$	1,261,423 1,335,440 (645,261)		
Transition Obligation Net Losses Prior Service Cost Settlement/Curtailment		160,943 - (2,595,865)		1,261,763 - 1,577,976		293,603 (997,425)		987,418 (997,425)		
Total Net Periodic Benefit Cost	\$	(3,603,735)	\$	2,093,026	\$	1,246,302	\$	1,941,595		

The net periodic benefit cost of the Pension and Other Post-Retirement Benefit Plans is measured on a seriatim basis that projects future benefit costs participant by participant based on demographic characteristics. The projected costs are discounted to a present value.

# Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

Below is a summary, on a Company basis, of obligations, assets, and net periodic benefit costs of the Pension Benefit Plan at December 31:

	Farn	ners						
	Autor	nobile	Pe	kin	Li	fe		
	Insur	ance	Insu	rance	Insur	ance	Coml	oined
	Assoc	iation	Com	pany	Com	pany	Comp	anies
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Benefit Obligation	\$24,317,232	\$ 47,075,042	\$ 6,079,308	\$ 11,768,761	\$10,398,703	\$ 20,324,717	\$ 40,795,243	\$ 79,168,520
Plan Assets	31,661,746	42,471,733	7,915,436	10,617,933	13,539,423	18,334,612	53,116,605	71,424,278
Underfunded (Overfunded)	\$ (7,344,514)	\$ 4,603,309	\$ (1,836,128)	\$ 1,150,828	\$ (3,140,720)	\$ 1,990,105	\$ (12,321,362)	\$ 7,744,242
Accrued Benefit Costs (Prepaid Asset) Liability (Prepaid Asset) for Benefits	\$ (2,967,790) (4.376,724)	\$ 186,022 4,417,287	\$ (741,950) (1,094,178)	\$ 46,504 1,104,324	\$ (3,155,544) 14,824	\$ (1,794,075) 3,784,180	\$ (6,865,284) (5,456,078)	\$ (1,561,549) 9,305,791
	\$ (7,344,514)	\$ 4,603,309	\$ (1,836,128)	\$ 1,150,828	\$ (3,140,720)	\$ 1,990,105	\$ (12,321,362)	\$ 7,744,242
Net Periodic Benefit Cost	\$ (2,073,774)	\$ 1,144,461	\$ (518,442)	\$ 286,115	\$ (1,011,519)	\$ 662,450	\$ (3,603,735)	\$ 2,093,026

Below is a summary, on a Company basis, of obligations, assets, and net periodic benefit costs of the Post-Retirement Benefit Plan at December 31:

	Farn Autor			Pekin Pekin Life										
	Insurance Association			Insurance Company				Insurance Company				Comb Comp		
	2022	2021		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Benefit Obligation Plan Assets Underfunded	\$30,528,595 13,777,580 \$16,751,015	\$ 34,973,506 14,117,776 \$ 20,855,730		7,632,149 3,444,395 4,187,754	\$	8,743,376 3,529,445 5,213,931		0,898,288 4,917,085 5,981,203	\$	12,646,487 5,105,771 7,540,716	\$	49,059,032 22,139,060 26,919,972	\$	56,363,369 22,752,992 33,610,377
Accrued Benefit Costs Liability (Prepaid Asset) for Benefits	\$19,060,847 (2,309,832) \$16,751,015	\$ 18,445,131 2,410,599 \$ 20.855,730		4,765,207 (577,453) 4,187,754	\$	4,611,279 602,652 5,213,931		6,745,645 (764,442) 5,981,203	\$	6,522,217 1,018,499 7,540,716	\$	30,571,699 (3,651,727) 26,919,972	\$	29,578,627 4,031,750 33,610,377
Net Periodic Benefit Cost	\$ 773,306	\$ 1,224,604	\$	193,326	\$	306,150	\$	279,670	\$	410,841	\$	1,246,302	\$	1,941,595

## Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

Following are components of net periodic benefit cost as they related to unassigned surplus for the Company and its affiliates at December 31:

	Pension Benefits			Post-Retirement Benefits				
		2022	2021			2022		2021
Amounts in Unassigned Surplus Recognized as Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost:								
Items Not Yet Recognized from Prior Year	\$	9,305,791	\$	20,004,643	\$	4,031,750	\$	9,031,818
Net Transition Obligation Recognized		-		-		-		-
Net Prior Service Cost Recognized		-		-		997,425		997,425
Net (Gain) Loss Arising During the Period		(17,196,791)		(7,859,113)		(8,387,299)		(5,010,075)
Net Loss Recognized		2,434,922		(2,839,739)		(293,603)		(987,418)
Items Not Yet Recognized Current Year	\$	(5,456,078)	\$	9,305,791	\$	(3,651,727)	\$	4,031,750
Amounts in Unassigned Surplus Not Yet								
Recognized as Components of								
Net Periodic Benefit Cost:								
Net Prior Service Cost	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(3,560,806)	\$	(4,558,231)
Net Recognized (Gains) Losses		(5,456,078)		9,305,791		(90,921)		8,589,981

Weighted average assumptions used to determine the projected benefit obligation are shown below at December 31:

	Pension Benefits		Post-Retirement Benefi		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Discount Rate	5.11%	2.66%	5.29%	3.16%	
Rate of Compensation Increase	4.00% to 8.75%	3.50% to 8.25%	N/A	N/A	

Weighted average assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost are shown below for the years ended December 31:

	Pension Benefits		Post-Retirer	<u>nent Benefits</u>	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Discount Rate	2.66%	2.23%	3.16%	2.93%	
Rate of Compensation Increase	3.50% to 8.25%	3.50% to 8.25%	N/A	N/A	
Expected Long-Term Rate of					
Return on Plan Assets	5.25%	5.00%	3.00%	2.75%	

The health care portion of the post-retirement benefit plan is contributory, with participants' contributions adjusted annually as determined by the Company; the life insurance portion of the post-retirement benefit plan is noncontributory. For 2022, the health care cost trend rate in 2023 was 6.87 percent/7.26 percent for pre-65/post-65, then graded down to 4.50 percent by 2031 onwards. In 2021, the health care cost trend rate in 2022 was 6.25 percent/6.49 percent for pre-65/post-65, then graded down to 4.50 percent by 2030 onwards.

The retirement plan assets are held in a deposit administration contract and equity securities. The Trustees of the Farmers Automobile Insurance Association Retirement Plan maintain a deposit administration contract with Pekin Life Insurance Company for pension benefits. The contract is a group annuity contract consisting of employer contributions with guaranteed interest, less annuities purchased, to provide benefit payments to retirees and lump sum benefits paid directly to participants. The fair value of the contract included in plan assets of the Company and its affiliates was \$5,373,405 and \$22,706,104 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, or 10 percent and 32 percent of total plan assets. Equity securities comprise the remaining plan

## Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

assets. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, equity securities, cash, and cash equivalents amounted to \$47,743,200 and \$48,718,174, respectively, or 90 percent and 68 percent of total plan assets. In 2022 and 2021, the Trustees liquidated \$0 and \$20,000,000 of equity securities and transferred these funds into the deposit administration contract.

The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets was selected based upon current market conditions, Company experience, and future Company expectations.

The specific goal of the investment portfolio is to maintain a fully funded plan over time to ensure the benefit for the plan participants. New contributions are invested in equity securities until the amount in equities exceeds 45 percent of the plan's total assets. Additional amounts will be paid into the deposit administration contract, unless the equity portfolio falls under 45 percent. If the equity portfolio exceeds 60 percent of the plan's assets, part of the equity portfolio will be liquidated and proceeds moved into the deposit administration contract within a reasonable time frame. There are three return objectives. The primary benchmark is the projected annual rate of return used by the plan's actuary. The average annualized investment performance of the invested assets, net of investment-related expenses, should be equal to or in excess of this benchmark. The secondary (equity) benchmark is the percent total rate of return of a balanced portfolio comprised of a 70 percent weighting of the Standard & Poor's 500 Index and a 30 percent weighting of the Barclay's Government Corporate Index. The secondary (fixed income) benchmark is the weighted average rate of return of the Pekin Life Insurance Company's bond portfolio, excluding mortgage-backed securities, less 0.75 percent which includes 0.25 percent for expenses and 0.50 percent for spread. All plan assets, in excess of those funds targeted for short-term cash flows needs, should be invested in a manner consistent with the basic principles of prudent longterm portfolio management. Derivatives, private placement securities, and commodity contracts are prohibited investment vehicles. The Trustees of the plan recognize the long-term nature of the majority of the plan's assets.

The Farmers Automobile Insurance Association Retirement Plan maintains an account to partially fund health benefits provided to certain retirees and eligible dependents through a deposit administration contract with Pekin Life Insurance Company. The permissible contract funding was determined in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices which are consistent with the Actuarial Standards of Practice. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the fair value of the contract was \$22,139,060 and \$22,752,992, respectively. No contributions were made in 2022 and 2021 into the deposit administration contract.

The Company utilizes the following valuation techniques in determining the level within the fair value hierarchy of the Pension Plan and Post-Retirement Plan assets:

Level 1 – Quoted market prices reported on the active markets on which the individual stocks and money market funds are traded.

Level 3 – Principal valuation technique is discounted cash flows. Unobservable inputs are credit rate and payout date.

# Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the assets of the Pension Plan and Post-Retirement Plan at fair value as of December 31, 2022, for the Company and its affiliates:

	Assets at Fair Value as of December 31, 2022					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Pension Plan Assets:						
Equity Securities:						
Communications Services	\$ 2,486,615	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,486,615		
Consumer Discretionary	3,095,290	-	-	3,095,290		
Consumer Staples	4,357,550	-	-	4,357,550		
Energy	4,175,902	-	-	4,175,902		
Financials	7,694,150	-	-	7,694,150		
Health Care	6,756,170	-	-	6,756,170		
Industrials	4,255,502	-	-	4,255,502		
Information Technology	5,054,192	-	-	5,054,192		
Materials	825,140	-	-	825,140		
Utilities	7,809,705			7,809,705		
Total Equity Securities	46,510,216	-	-	46,510,216		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,232,984	-	-	1,232,984		
Deposit Administration Contract			5,373,405	5,373,405		
Total Pension Plan Assets	\$ 47,743,200	\$ -	\$ 5,373,405	\$53,116,605		
Post-Retirement Plan Assets:						
Deposit Administration Contract	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,139,060	\$22,139,060		
Total Post-Retirement Plan Assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$22,139,060	\$22,139,060		

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the assets of the Pension Plan and Post-Retirement Plan at fair value as of December 31, 2021, for the Company and its affiliates:

	Assets at Fair Value as of December 31, 2021					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Pension Plan Assets:						
Equity Securities:						
Communications Services	\$ 2,971,325	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,971,325		
Consumer Discretionary	2,614,100	-	-	2,614,100		
Consumer Staples	4,272,962	-	-	4,272,962		
Energy	3,166,418	-	-	3,166,418		
Financials	9,029,893	-	-	9,029,893		
Health Care	6,210,035	-	-	6,210,035		
Industrials	3,950,465	-	-	3,950,465		
Information Technology	6,563,760	-	-	6,563,760		
Materials	1,186,505	-	-	1,186,505		
Utilities	8,479,328			8,479,328		
Total Equity Securities	48,444,791	-	-	48,444,791		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	273,383	-	-	273,383		
Deposit Administration Contract			22,706,104	22,706,104		
Total Pension Plan Assets	\$ 48,718,174	\$ -	\$ 22,706,104	\$71,424,278		
Post-Retirement Plan Assets:						
Deposit Administration Contract	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,752,992	\$22,752,992		
Total Post-Retirement Plan Assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$22,752,992	\$22,752,992		

## Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

#### Director Retirement Plan

Pursuant to a retirement plan for directors elected prior to 2004, eligible directors will receive a retirement benefit equal to the annual retainer in effect on the directors' retirement dates. The Company's benefits paid were \$74,300 and \$63,300 in 2022 and 2021. The Company's liability for the directors' retirement benefit was \$268,448 and \$303,959 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. In December 2021, the Board adopted an additional director retirement plan for eligible directors not in the aforementioned director retirement plan. Benefits paid were \$50,921 and \$0 in 2022 and 2021, respectively. The liability for the director retirement benefit under the additional plan was \$887,256 and \$877,509 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

## 401(k) Savings Plan

The Company and its affiliates participate in a voluntary 401(k) savings plan for eligible participants. Participation requires that an employee be at least 18 years of age and not a temporary employee. Employer contributions of \$656,301 and \$605,728 respectively, were made to this plan for all participants in 2022 and 2021.

#### **Deferred Compensation**

The Company maintains a deferred compensation plan for its directors. This plan allows for voluntary deferral of all or any part of compensation to which a director might otherwise be entitled to as directors' fees, in accordance with the plan provisions. During 2022 and 2021, directors' fees of \$26,000 and \$22,000 were deferred. The liability for directors' deferred compensation was \$245,007 and \$244,655 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### 8. Federal Income Taxes

The Company is taxed as an insurance company under Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code. Federal income tax expense differs from the amount obtained by applying the federal income tax rate of 21 percent to pretax income for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, due to the following:

	2022	2021
Computed Expected Federal Income Tax		
Expense (Benefit)	\$ (1,954,482)	\$ 1,591,531
Increase (Decrease) in Taxes Resulting from:		
Tax-Exempt Interest	(90,758)	(124,711)
Dividends Received Deduction	(22,366)	(21,748)
Unearned Premium	140,830	(76,308)
Loss Reserve Discounting	(160,020)	(131,040)
Pension Benefits	(165,576)	(230,349)
Post-Retirement Benefits	31,813	55,765
Federal Net Operationg Loss Carryforward	739,610	-
All Other	56,159	288,409
Federal Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	(1,424,790)	1,351,549
Tax on Capital Gains	177,133	813,375
Tax Expense (Benefit)	\$ (1,601,923)	\$ 538,174

# Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

The components of the net deferred tax asset as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

		2022					
	Ordinary	Capital	Total				
Gross Deferred Tax Assets	\$ 6,077,228	\$ 13,533	\$ 6,090,761				
Statutory Valuation Allowance							
Adjusted Gross Deferred Tax Assets Deferred Tax Assets Non-Admitted	6,077,228	13,533	6,090,761				
Subtotal Net Admitted Deferred Tax Asset	6,077,228	13,533	6,090,761				
Deferred Tax Liabilities	929,590	2,229,750	3,159,340				
Net Admitted Deferred Tax Assets	\$ 5,147,638	\$ (2,216,217)	\$ 2,931,421				
		2021					
	Ordinary	Capital	Total				
Gross Deferred Tax Assets	\$ 5,632,130	\$ -	\$ 5,632,130				
Statutory Valuation Allowance Adjusted Gross Deferred Tax Assets	5,632,130	- <del>-</del> -	5,632,130				
Deferred Tax Assets Non-Admitted Subtotal Net Admitted Deferred Tax Asset	5,632,130		5,632,130				
Deferred Tax Liabilities	529,290	4,190,927	4,720,217				
Net Admitted Deferred Tax Assets	\$ 5,102,840	\$ (4,190,927)	\$ 911,913				
	Change						
	Ordinary	Capital	Total				
Gross Deferred Tax Assets Statutory Valuation Allowance	\$ 445,098	\$ 13,533 -	\$ 458,631				
Adjusted Gross Deferred Tax Assets Deferred Tax Assets Non-Admitted	445,098	13,533	458,631				
Subtotal Net Admitted Deferred Tax Asset Deferred Tax Liabilities	445,098 400,300	13,533 (1,961,177)	458,631 (1,560,877)				
Net Admitted Deferred Tax Assets	\$ 44,798	\$ 1,974,710	\$ 2,019,508				

# Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

The net admitted deferred tax asset was determined using the guidance related to admissibility provided in the following paragraphs of NAIC *Statement of Statutory Accounting Principles No.* 101 (SSAP 101).

				2022			
		Ordinary		Capital			Total
Admissible Under Paragraph:							
<ul><li>11a. Ability to Recover Taxes Paid in Prior Years</li><li>11b. Expected to be Realized, After</li></ul>	\$	-	\$		-	\$	-
Application of Threshold Limitations 11c. Offset of Deferred Tax Liabilities		4,558,000 1,532,761			-		4,558,000 1,532,761
Total Admitted Deferred Tax Assets	\$	6,090,761	\$		_	<u> </u>	6,090,761
Tax rissets	_	0,0,0,701	_			_	0,0,0,70,
				2021			
	_	Ordinary		Capital			Total
Admissible Under Paragraph:							
<ul><li>11a. Ability to Recover Taxes Paid in Prior Years</li><li>11b. Expected to be Realized, After</li></ul>	\$	1,280,448	\$		-	\$	1,280,448
Application of Threshold Limitations 11c. Offset of Deferred Tax Liabilities		2,656,778 1,694,904			-		2,656,778 1,694,904
Total Admitted Deferred	-						
Tax Assets	\$	5,632,130	\$		-	\$	5,632,130
				Change			
		Ordinary		Capital			Total
Admissible Under Paragraph:							
<ul><li>11a. Ability to Recover Taxes Paid in Prior Years</li><li>11b. Expected to be Realized, After</li></ul>	\$	(1,280,448)	\$		-	\$	(1,280,448)
Application of Threshold Limitations 11c. Offset of Deferred Tax Liabilities		1,901,222 (162,143)			-		1,901,222 (162,143)
Total Admitted Deferred Tax Assets	\$	458,631	\$		-	\$	458,631
				2022			2021
Ratio Used to Determine Recovery Period and Threshold Limitation Amount Under Paragraph 11b Amount of Adjusted Capital and Surplus Used to			862%			1016%	
Determine Recovery Period and Thresho Limitation Under Paragraph 11b	iu		\$1	31,186,7	92	\$1	49,057,510

## Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

The major components of current income taxes incurred and net deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

	2022	2021	Change
Current Income Tax:			
Federal	\$(1,601,928)	\$ 525,608	\$(2,127,536)
Foreign	5	12,566	(12,561)
Subtotal	(1,601,923)	538,174	(2,140,097)
Federal Income Tax on Capital Gains	177,133	813,375	(636,242)
Federal Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	\$(1,424,790)	\$ 1,351,549	\$(2,776,339)
Deferred Tax Assets:			
Ordinary:			
Discounting of Unpaid Losses	\$ 1,436,694	\$ 1,596,714	\$ (160,020)
Unearned Premium Reserve	2,510,311	2,369,481	140,830
Advanced Premium	50,690	45,835	4,855
Compensation and Benefits Accrual	254,110	246,125	7,985
Pension Benefits	-	9,766	(9,766)
Postretirement Benefits	1,000,694	968,369	32,325
Liability for Pension Benefits	-	231,908	(231,908)
Liability for Postretirement Benefits	-	126,557	(126,557)
Other	824,729	37,375	787,354
Total Ordinary Deferred Tax Assets	6,077,228	5,632,130	445,098
Non-Admitted			
Admitted Ordinary Deferred Tax Assets	6,077,228	5,632,130	445,098
Admitted Capital Deferred Tax Assets	13,533		13,533
Admitted Deferred Tax Assets	6,090,761	5,632,130	458,631
Deferred Tax Liabilities:			
Ordinary:			
Other	929,590	529,290	400,300
Total Ordinary Deferred Tax Liabilities	929,590	529,290	400,300
Capital:			
Unrealized Capital Gains	2,229,750	4,190,927	(1,961,177)
Total Capital Deferred Tax Liabilities	2,229,750	4,190,927	(1,961,177)
Total Deferred Tax Liabilities	3,159,340	4,720,217	(1,560,877)
Net Deferred Tax Assets	\$ 2,931,421	\$ 911,913	\$ 2,019,508

The Company has no tax-planning strategies that had a material impact on adjusted gross and net admitted deferred tax assets.

In the opinion of management, the liability for federal income taxes is sufficient to cover computed taxes for the current and prior years that are currently payable. The Company and its affiliates file a unitary tax return with the state of Illinois. In 2022 and 2021, there was no state income tax included in underwriting expenses.

As of December 31, 2022, the Company has not identified any material loss contingencies arising from uncertain tax positions.

## Notes to Financial Statements – Statutory Basis

#### 9. Structured Settlements

The Company has purchased annuities of which the claimant is payee, but for which the Company is contingently liable. The aggregate amount of annuities from all life insurers was \$2,348,905 and \$2,347,868 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### 10. Capital and Surplus

The Company is required to maintain minimum capital and surplus established by the Illinois Department of Insurance (the Department). The Company is also subject to Risk-Based Capital (RBC) requirements promulgated by the NAIC and adopted by the Department. The RBC standards establish uniform minimum capital requirements for insurance companies. The RBC formula applies various weighting factors to financial balances or various levels of activities based on the perceived degree of risk. At December 31, 2022, the Company's surplus exceeded the minimum levels required by the Department and RBC standards.

The Company's unassigned surplus was increased by the following cumulative amounts at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively:

	2022	2021
Net Unrealized Capital Gains	\$ 14,949,528	\$ 24,512,089
Non-Admitted Assets	(2,413,580)	-





## Independent Auditor's Report on the Supplementary Information

To the Board of Directors Pekin Insurance Company Pekin, Illinois

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the statutory financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the statutory financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. This information is presented in a format consistent with the Annual Statement filed by the Company with the regulatory authorities. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the statutory financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the statutory financial statements as a whole.

Strohm Balling, UP

Madison, Wisconsin May 3, 2023

# Summary Investment Schedule December 31, 2022

			Gross Investment Holdings			Admitted Asse Reported in Annual State	the	
			Amount	%		Amount	%	
1. Long-Ter	m Danda.							
01.01	U.S. governments	\$	6,356,056	2.0	\$	6,356,056	2.0	
01.01	All other governments	Ф	1,749,867	0.6	Ф	1,749,867	0.6	
01.03	U.S. states, territories and possessions,		1,7 17,007	0.0		1,717,007	0.0	
	etc. guaranteed		3,029,597	1.0		3,029,597	1.0	
01.04	U.S. political subdivisions of states, territories,							
	and possessions, guaranteed		5,341,001	1.7		5,341,001	1.7	
01.05	U.S. special revenue and special assessment obligations,		E2 012 701	14.0		E2 012 701	14.0	
01.06	etc. non-guaranteed Industrial and miscellaneous		52,013,701 192,009,817	16.9 62.3		52,013,701 192,009,817	16.9 62.3	
01.08	Hybrid securities		192,009,017	02.3		192,009,017	02.3	
01.08	Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates		- -	_			_	
01.09	SVO identified funds		_	_		_	_	
01.10	Unaffiliated Bank loans		-	_		-	_	
01.11	Total long-term bonds		260,500,039	84.5		260,500,039	84.5	
<ol><li>Preferred</li></ol>	stocks:							
02.01	Industrial and miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)		750,850	0.2		750,850	0.2	
02.02	Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates			-			-	
02.03	Total preferred stocks		750,850	0.2		750,850	0.2	
3. Common			27 701 021	0.7		07 701 001	0.7	
03.01 03.02	Industrial and miscellaneous Publicly traded (Unaffiliated) Industrial and miscellaneous Other (Unaffiliated)		26,791,831 1,972,214	8.7		26,791,831 1,972,214	8.7	
03.02	Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates Publicly traded		1,972,214	0.6		1,972,214	0.6	
03.03	Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates Other		14,663,563	4.8		14,663,563	4.8	
03.05	Mutual funds		14,003,303	-		14,003,303	-	
03.06	Unit investment trusts		_	_		_	_	
03.07	Closed-end funds		-	_		-	_	
03.08	Exchange traded funds		73,768	0.1		73,768	0.1	
03.09	Total common stocks		43,501,376	14.2		43,501,376	14.2	
<ol><li>Mortgage</li></ol>								
04.01	Farm mortgages		-	-		-	-	
04.02	Residential mortgages		-	-		-	-	
04.03	Commercial mortgages		-	-		-	-	
04.04 04.05	Mezzanine real estate loans Total valuation allowance		-	-		-	-	
04.05	Total mortgage loans		-	-		-	_	
5. Real esta			_	_		_	_	
05.01	Properties occupied by company		_	_		_	_	
05.02	Properties held for production of income		-	_		-	_	
05.03	Properties held for sale		-	-		-	-	
05.04	Total real estate		-	-		-	-	
	sh equivalents and short-term investments:							
06.01	Cash		570,209	0.2		570,209	0.2	
06.02	Cash equivalents		1,936,938	0.7		1,936,938	0.7	
06.03	Short-term investments		-	-			-	
06.04 7. Contract	Total cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments		2,507,147	0.9		2,507,147	0.9	
8. Derivativ			-	_		_	_	
9. Other inv			- -	-		- -	-	
	le for securities		-	_		_	_	
11. Securities			739,940	0.2		739,940	0.2	
12. Other inv	3	_	<u> </u>	-		<u> </u>		
13. Total inve	ested assets	\$	307,999,352	100.0	\$	307,999,352	100.0	

## Investment Risks Interrogatories December 31, 2022

1. State the reporting entity's total admitted assets as reported on Page 2 of the annual statement.

\$ 316,522,106

2. State the 10 largest exposures to a single issuer/borrower/investment, excluding U.S. government, U.S. government agency securities, and those U.S. government money market funds listed in the Appendix to the SVO Purposes and Procedures Manual as exempt, property occupied by the company and policy loans:

ı	2	3	4 Percentage
			of Total
Issuer	Description of Exposure	Amount	Admitted Assets
2.01 FANNIE MAE	Bonds	\$ 23,124,457	7.3%
2.02 FREDDIE MAC	Bonds	11,371,315	3.6%
2.03 PEKIN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	Affiliated Common Stock	8,732,367	2.8%
2.04 PEKIN SELECT INSURANCE	Affiliated Common Stock	5,931,196	1.9%
2.05 THE ESTEE LAUDER COMPANIES INC	Bonds	2,999,042	0.9%
2.06 MICROSOFT CORP	Stock	2,001,789	0.6%
2.07 ONEMAIN FINANCIAL ISSUANCE TRUST 2019-2	Bonds	1,999,523	0.6%
2.08 BLACKSTONE PRIVATE CREDIT FUND	Bonds	1,987,748	0.6%
2.09 THE PORT OF PORTLAND OREGON	Bonds	1,821,611	0.6%
2.10 WISCONSIN HEALTH AND EDUCATIONAL FACILIT	Bonds	1,749,397	0.6%

3. State the amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in bonds and preferred stocks by NAIC designation:

	_	Bonds	_ 1	2	Pre	eferred Stocks	<u> </u>	3	4
	3.01	NAIC-1	\$ 191,711,783	60.6%	3.07	P/RP-1	\$	750,850	0.2%
	3.02	NAIC-2	59,420,371	18.8%	3.08	P/RP-2		-	0.0%
	3.03	NAIC-3	9,099,085	2.9%	3.09	P/RP-3		-	0.0%
	3.04	NAIC-4	268,800	0.1%	3.10	P/RP-4		-	0.0%
	3.05	NAIC-5	-	0.0%	3.11	P/RP-5		-	0.0%
	3.06	NAIC-6	-	0.0%	3.12	P/RP-6		-	0.0%
4.	Assets	held in foreig	gn investments:			1	_		2
	<ul> <li>4.01 Are assets held in foreign investments less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?</li> <li>4.02 Total admitted assets held in foreign investments \$ 43,111,608</li> </ul>							Yes [ ]	No [X] 13.6%
5.	Aggre	gate foreign i	nvestment exposure	categorized by	NAIC sov	vereign designat 1	tion: -		2

5.01	Countries designated NAIC-1	\$ 42,045,693	13.3%
5.02	Countries designated NAIC-2	1,065,915	0.3%
5.03	Countries designated NAIC-3 or below	-	0.0%

# Investment Risks Interrogatories December 31, 2022

6. Largest foreign investment exposures by country, categorized by the country's NAIC sovereign designation:

		1	2
Countr	ies designated NAIC-1:		
6.01	Country: Cayman Islands (The)	\$ 14,736,226	4.7%
6.02	Country: United Kingdom of Great Britain & Nothern Ireland	8,331,746	2.6%
Countr	ies designated NAIC-2:		
6.03	Country: Mexico	442,012	0.1%
6.04	Country: Peru	249,867	0.1%
Countr	ies designated NAIC-3 or below:		
6.05	Country:	-	0.0%
6.06	Country:	-	0.0%

- 7. Aggregate unhedged foreign currency exposure: None
- 8. Aggregate unhedged foreign currency exposure categorized by NAIC sovereign designation: None
- 9. Largest unhedged foreign currency exposure by country, categorized by the country's NAIC sovereign designation:

Countries designated NAIC-1: None

Countries designated NAIC-2: None

Countries designated NAIC-3 or below: None

10. List the 10 largest non-sovereign (i.e. non-governmental) foreign issues:

	1	2	3	4
	Issuer	NAIC Rating	 	
10.01	ABN AMRO BANK NV	1.A	\$ 1,509,470	0.5%
10.02	JDE PEETS NV	1.A	1,494,570	0.5%
10.03	BNP PARIBAS	1.C	1,075,000	0.3%
10.04	ANGLO AMERICAN CAPITAL	1.D	1,074,771	0.3%
10.05	HSBC HOLDINGS PLC	1.D	1,000,825	0.3%
10.06	MACQUARIE GROUP LTD	1.A	1,000,000	0.3%
10.07	NATWEST GROUP PLC	1.D	1,000,000	0.3%
10.08	BALFOUR BEATTY PLC	1.D	1,000,000	0.3%
10.09	EQUINOR ASA	1.A	999,994	0.3%
10.10	WESTPAC BANKING CORP	1.A	999,611	0.3%

11. State the amount and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in Canadian investments and unhedged Canadian currency exposure:

Assets held in Canadian investments less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets; therefore, detail not required for interrogatory 11.

Yes [ X ] No [ ]

12. State the aggregate amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in investments with contractual sales restrictions (defined as investments having restrictions that prevent investments from being sold within 90 days):

Assets held in investments with contractual sales restrictions less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets; therefore, detail not required for interrogatory 12. Yes [X] No []

# Investment Risks Interrogatories December 31, 2022

13. Amount and percentages of admitted assets held in the ten largest equity interests:

13.01 Assets held in equity interests less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets, therefore detail not required for Interrogatory 13: Yes  $[\ ]$  No  $[\ X\ ]$ 

1 Issuer	2	3
133401	 	
13.02 PEKIN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	\$ 8,732,367	2.8%
13.03 PEKIN SELECT INSURANCE	5,931,196	1.9%
13.04 ALPHABET INC	1,084,071	0.3%
13.05 MICROSOFT CORPORATION	1,007,963	0.3%
13.06 APPLE INC	985,389	0.3%
13.07 CARLYLE TACTICAL PRIVATE CREDIT FUND	750,850	0.2%
13.08 ANALOG DEVICES INC.	546,220	0.2%
13.09 VISA INC.	517,946	0.2%
13.10 UNITEDHEALTH GROUP INCORPORATED	497,308	0.2%
13.11 S&P GLOBAL INC.	469,251	0.1%

14. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equities:

14.01 Are assets held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equities less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?

If response to 14.01 above is yes, responses are not required for 14.02 through 14.05.

	1	2	3
14.02	Aggregate statement value of investments held in nonaffiliated,		
	privately placed equities	\$ 14,329,615	4.5%
	Largest three investments held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equities:		
14.03	CLIFFWATER CORPORATE LENDING FUND	1,000,000	0.3%
14.04	BALFOUR BEATTY PLC	1,000,000	0.3%
14.05	PHCC LLC D/B/A PRESTON HOLLOW COMMUNITY	1,000,000	0.3%

Total

Ten largest fund managers:

	Fund Manager		Invested 1	D	iversified 2	Nond	diversified
14.06	NORTHERN INST GOVT-SHR	\$	1,936,938	\$	1,936,938	\$	-
14.07			-		-		-
14.08			-		-		-
14.09			-		-		-
14.10			-		-		-
14.11			-		-		-
14.12			-		-		-
14.13			-		-		-
14.14			-		-		-
14.15			-		-		-

15. State the aggregate amounts and percentages of the entity's total admitted assets held in general partnership interests (included in other equity securities):

Assets held in general partnership interests less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets, therefore detail not required for interrogatory 15.

Yes [ X ] No [ ]

Yes [ ] No [ X ]

16. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in mortgage loans:

Mortgage loans reported in Schedule B less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets, therefore detail not required for interrogatories 16 and 17.

Yes [X] No []

# Investment Risks Interrogatories December 31, 2022

- 17. Aggregate mortgage loans having the following loan-to-value ratios as determined from the most current appraisal as of the annual statement date: None
- 18. Are assets held in investments held in real estate reported less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?

  Yes [X] No[]
- 19. Are assets held in investments held in mezzanine real estate loans less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?

  Yes [X] No []
- 20. State the amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets subject to the following types of agreements:

					At End of Each Quarter	
		At Year-Ei	nd	(Unaudited) 1st Qtr	(Unaudited) 2nd Qtr	(Unaudited) 3rd Qtr
		1	2	3	4	5
20.01	Securities lending (do not include assets held as collateral for such transactions)	\$ 723.881	0.2%	\$ 2.593.569	\$ 3,998,500	\$ 3.091.489

- 21. State the amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets for warrants not attached to other financial instruments, options, caps, and floors: None
- 22. State the amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets of potential exposure (defined as the amount determined in accordance with the NAIC Annual Statement Instructions) for collars, swaps, and forwards: None
- 23. State the amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets of potential exposure (defined as the amount determined in accordance with the NAIC Annual Statement Instructions) for futures contracts: None

Reinsurance Interrogatories December 31, 2022

7.1 Has this reporting entity reinsured any risk with any other entity under a quota share reinsurance contract that includes a provision that would limit the reinsurer's losses below the stated quota share percentage (e.g., a deductible, a loss ratio corridor, a loss ratio cap, an aggregate limit or any similar provisions)?

V/00	г	7	NI_	г	\/	7
Yes		- 1	No		Λ.	- 1

- 9.1 Has the reporting entity ceded any risk under any reinsurance contract (or under multiple contracts with the same reinsurer or its affiliates) for which during the period covered by the statement: (i) it recorded a positive or negative underwriting result greater than 5% of prior year-end surplus as regards policyholders or it reported calendar year written premium ceded or year-end loss and loss expense reserves ceded greater than 5% of prior year-end surplus as regards policyholders; (ii) it accounted for that contract as reinsurance and not as a deposit; and (iii) the contract(s) contain one or more of the following features or other features that would have similar results:
  - a. A contract term longer than two years and the contract is noncancellable by the reporting entity during the contract term;
  - b. A limited or conditional cancellation provision under which cancellation triggers an obligation by the reporting entity, or an affiliate of the reporting entity, to enter into a new reinsurance contract with the reinsurer, or an affiliate of the reinsurer;
  - c. Aggregate stop loss reinsurance coverage;
  - d. A unilateral right by either party (or both parties) to commute the reinsurance contract, whether conditional or not, except for such provisions which are only triggered by a decline in the credit status of the other party;
  - e. A provision permitting reporting of losses, or payment of losses, less frequently than on a quarterly basis (unless there is no activity during the period); or
  - f. Payment schedule, accumulating retentions from multiple years or any features inherently designed to delay timing of the reimbursement to the ceding entity.

Yes	Γ 1	No	ΓΧ	1

- 9.2 Has the reporting entity during the period covered by the statement ceded any risk under any reinsurance contract (or under multiple contracts with the same reinsurer or its affiliates), for which, during the period covered by the statement, it recorded a positive or negative underwriting result greater than 5% of prior year-end surplus as regards policyholders or it reported calendar year written premium ceded or year-end loss and loss expense reserves ceded greater than 5% of prior year-end surplus as regards policyholders; excluding cessions to approved pooling arrangements or to captive insurance companies that are directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with (i) one or more unaffiliated policyholders of the reporting entity, or (ii) an association of which one or more unaffiliated policyholders of the reporting entity is a member where:
  - a. The written premium ceded to the reinsurer by the reporting entity or its affiliates represents fifty percent (50%) or more of the entire direct and assumed premium written by the reinsurer based on its most recently available financial statement; or
  - b. Twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the written premium ceded to the reinsurer has been retroceded back to the reporting entity or its affiliates in a separate reinsurance contract.

Yes [ ] No [X]

# Reinsurance Interrogatories December 31, 2022

- 9.3 If yes to 9.1 or 9.2, please provide the following information in the Reinsurance Summary Supplemental Filing for General Interrogatory 9:
  - a. The aggregate financial statement impact gross of all such ceded reinsurance contracts on the balance sheet and statement of income;
  - b. A summary of the reinsurance contract terms and indicate whether it applies to the contracts meeting the criteria in 9.1 or 9.2; and
  - c. A brief discussion of management's principle objectives in entering into the reinsurance contract including the economic purpose to be achieved.
- 9.4 Except for transactions meeting the requirements of paragraph 32 of SSAP No. 62R, Property and Casualty Reinsurance, has the reporting entity ceded any risk under any reinsurance contract (or multiple contracts with the same reinsurer or its affiliates) during the period covered by the financial statement, and either:
  - Accounted for that contract as reinsurance (either prospective or retroactive) under statutory accounting principles ("SAP") and as a deposit under generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"); or
  - b. Accounted for that contract as reinsurance under GAAP and as a deposit under SAP?

Yes [ ] No [ X ]